

1 **SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL**

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5 **Type-IV Antifreeze Proteins are Essential for Epiboly and Convergence in**
6 **Gastrulation of Zebrafish Embryos**

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1 **Supplementary figure legends**

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3 **Fig. S1.** Schematic diagram of genomic organization of *afp4a* and *afp4b* in gibel carp and zebrafish. Arrows above the
4 boxes (exons) indicate translation initiation sites. The thin lines indicate introns. The red and blue boxes indicate ORFs
5 of *afp4a* and *afp4b*, respectively; and the white boxes indicate non-coding sequences. The numbers under the lines
6 indicate the nucleotide numbers of each intron; the numbers above the boxes indicate the nucleotide numbers of each
7 exon.

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9 **Fig. S2.** The longitudinal sections of embryos stained by *afp4a* and *afp4b* antisense probes. Shield (A, D), 75% epiboly
10 (B, E) and bud (C, F) stage *in situ* hybridized embryos for *afp4a/afp4b* (A-C) or *afp4b* (D-F). Dorsal to the right. Red
11 arrow indicates YSL; black arrow indicates yolk; black arrowhead indicates blastoderm.

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13 **Fig. S3.** Tests of the validity and specificity of MOs. (A) Tests of the translation blocking by co-injection with
14 *afp4a:EGFP* or *afp4b:EGFP* mRNA. Left pictures show representative images of EGFP expression in bud stage
15 embryos injected with *afp4a:EGFP* (100 pg/embryo), *afp4b:EGFP* (100 pg/embryo), *afp4a:EGFP* plus *afp4a-tb-MO* (8
16 ng/embryo), and *afp4b:EGFP* plus *afp4b-tb-MO* (2.5 ng/embryo). Right histogram displays the quantitative analysis
17 results of the inhibition of *afp4a:EGFP* or *afp4b:EGFP* expression by co-injection *afp4a-tb-MO* (columns indicate by a
18 red box on the left) or *afp4b-tb-MO* (columns indicate by a blue box on the right). Results are presented as means ± SD
19 of three independent experiments. Alphabetic letters illustrate group differences based on post hoc test (SNK) following
20 ANOVA ($P < 0.01$). (B) Tests of the splice change by semi-quantitative RT-PCR. The end products are shown
21 schematically and by RT-PCR analyses after *afp4a-sb-MO* (left) or *afp4b-sb-MO* (right) injection. In schematic
22 diagrams, the thin lines indicate introns. The red or blue boxes indicate ORFs of *afp4a* or *afp4b*, respectively; and the
23 white boxes indicate non-coding sequences. Black arrows indicate translation initiation sites, green arrows indicate the
24 position of primers applied in RT-PCR, and the nucleotide numbers of RT-PCR product are shown in green. Black
25 numbers under the diagrams and in boxes show the corresponding nucleotide numbers. Purple lines above the boxes
26 indicate the locations of sb-MOs, which is targeted to the intron 3/exon 4 boundary. Alternative splicing introduced
27 early stop codons (TAA) are indicated by pink letters shortly after the exon 3/intron 3 junction, and the nucleotide
28 numbers of WT ORF in final products are displayed above diagram in red (*afp4a*) or blue (*afp4b*) numbers. Analysis of
29 defective splicing in *afp4a-sb-MO* (4 ng/embryo) morphants at shield stage is shown at left. Amplification of a bigger
30 RT-PCR fragment (426 bp) than that from WT embryos (320 bp) was observed with primers for *afp4a*. Analysis of
31 changed splicing in *afp4b-sb-MO* (8 ng/embryo) morphants at bud stage is shown at right. Lesser 323 bp RT-PCR
32 products than those from WT embryos were observed, and a larger band (2584 bp) was detected with primers for *afp4b*.
33 (C) Representative images of bud stage embryos injected with Ctrl-MO (8 ng/embryo), *afp4a-tb-MO* (8 ng/embryo),

1 *afp4a*-sb-MO (4 ng/embryo), *afp4b*-tb-MO (2.5 ng/embryo) or *afp4b*-sb-MO (8 ng/embryo). Lateral views, animal pole
2 is up and dorsal is to the right.

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4 **Fig. S4.** Whole-mount *in situ* hybridization detection of germ layer differentiation and CE movement in *afp4a*-sb-MO
5 morphants. In each section, expression of marker genes in *afp4a*-sb-miMO embryos (left) and *afp4a*-sb-MO morphants
6 (right) are shown. (A) *foxA3*, shield stage. (B) *gsc*, shield stage. (C) *ntl*, shield stage. (D) *ntl*, bud stage. (E) *myoD*, bud
7 stage. (F) *myoD*, 8-somite stage. (A-F) Dorsal views, animal pole to the top. (G) *ntl*, bud stage, lateral view, dorsal to
8 the right, arrows indicate the anterior boundary of *ntl* expression. (H) *hgg1* and *dlx3b*, bud stage, top views, ventral up.
9 (I) *pax2.1*, 8-somite stage, lateral views, dorsal to the right. os, optic stalk; m, the midbrain hindbrain boundary; o, otic
10 vesicles; p, pronephros.

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13 **Supplementary table legends**

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15 **Table S1.** Comparison of exon/intron boundaries between *Cagafp4s* and *Drafp4s*. Exon sequence is in upper case and
16 intron sequence is in lower case. Differential nucleotides are indicated by grey background.

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18 **Table S2.** Comparison of exon/intron boundary sequences between *Drafp4a* and *Drafp4b*. Exon sequence is in upper
19 case and intron sequence is in lower case. Differential nucleotides are indicated by grey background. Targets of sb-MOs
20 are boxed in black, and the premature stop codons are boxed in grey.

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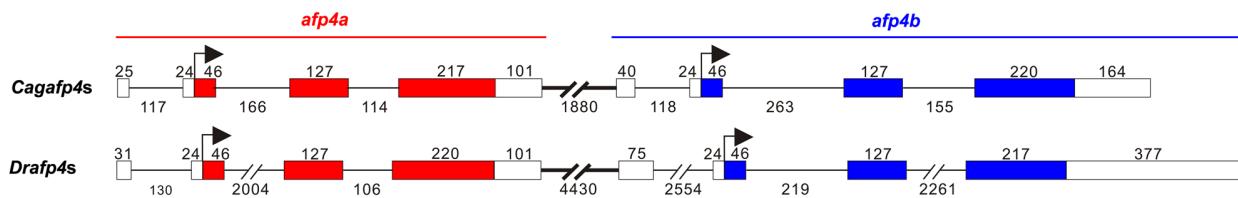
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1 **Supplementary figures**

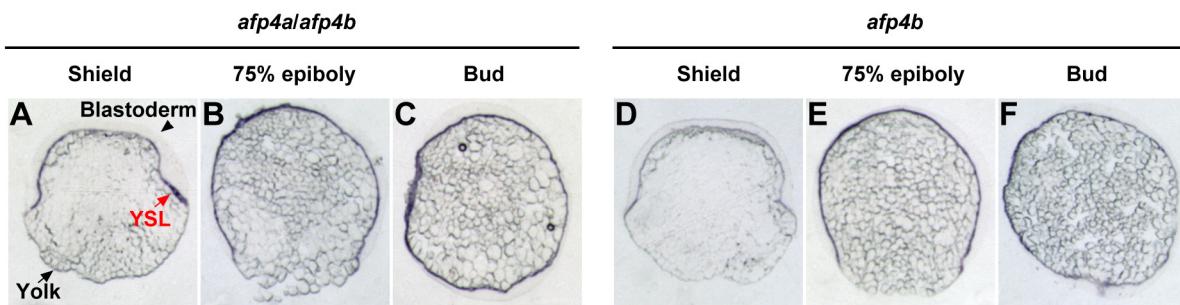
2 **Fig. S1**



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5 **Fig. S2**



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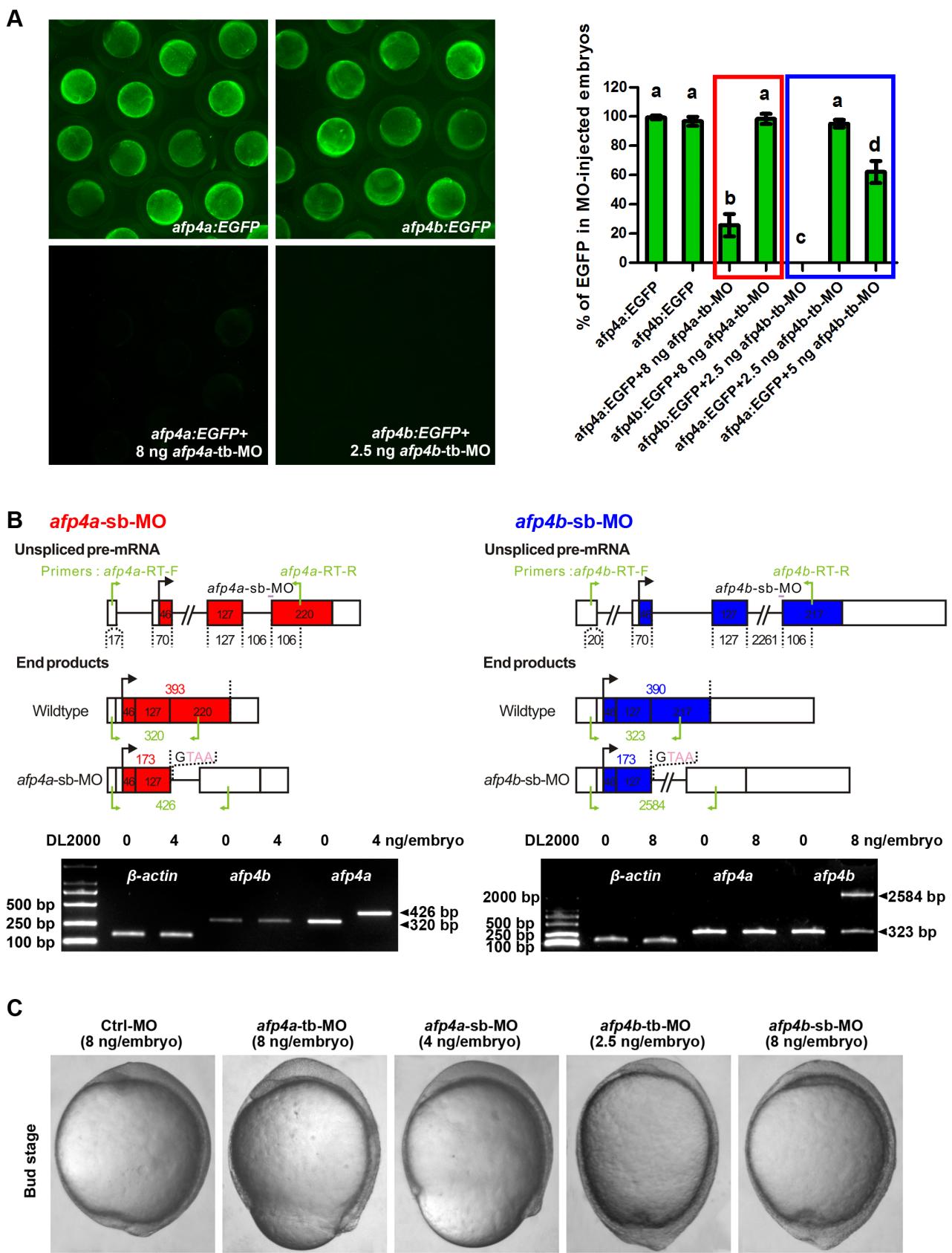
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1 Fig. S3



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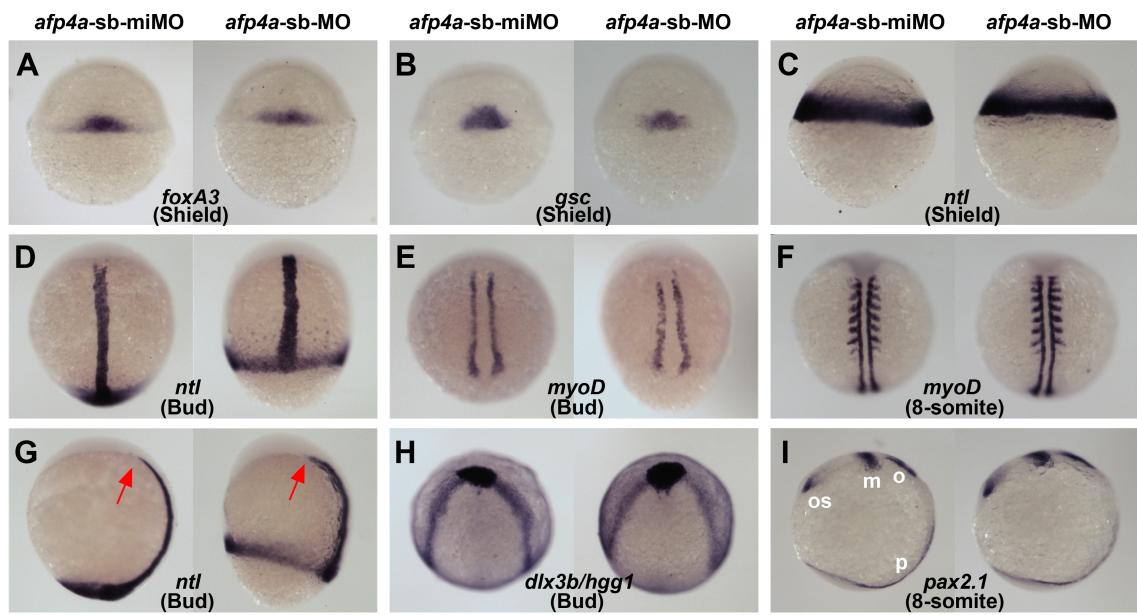
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1 Fig. S4



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1 Supplementary tables

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3 **Table S1.** Comparison of exon/intron boundaries between *Cagafp4s* and *Drafp4s*

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Gene	Species	NO. of exon/intron boundary	Sequence	NO. of intron/exon boundary
<i>afp4a</i>	<i>Cag</i>	Exon 1	AGGTCTAAGAACTCCTGTAAGCAAGgtgcaattataatctacattatttg	
	<i>Dr</i>	/Intron 1	AGGTCTAACAAATCTCTGGACGCAAGgtaaaggattacagctatgttaaacct	
	<i>Cag</i>		ttcattattgtcttttgcgttcagGCAGCCCTCACCCAAACCTACAACAA	Intron 1
	<i>Dr</i>		gaaatgattgttttgcgttttcagGCAACTCTTGCTCAACCCGCAATCA	/Exon 2
	<i>Cag</i>	Exon 2	GTCCTTGTACTGCTCTGGCCATTGgtgagactttaaaccatgttaactt	
	<i>Dr</i>	/Intron 2	GTCATTGTTGTTGCTCTGGCCATCGgtgagtctttaaaccacatttgtc	
	<i>Cag</i>		tcaaacatctgtcgattccagGCTCTGAATCAGTTCTCTGGTCAA	Intron 2
	<i>Dr</i>		tcaaacattctgttcatgtt-cagGCTCTGAGTCAGCATCTCTGGTCAA	/Exon 3
	<i>Cag</i>	Exon 3	GCCCAGAGCTGGTCAACAAAGGCCAAgtaagtccatcatcatcatcca	
	<i>Dr</i>	/Intron 3	GTGCTGAGCTGGCCAACAAAGGCCAAgtaagtccatcatctcaactttgaa	
<i>afp4b</i>	<i>Cag</i>		gagttctcttgggttgcgttcagCGCTTACTTTGAGCAGAGCAGAGCC	Intron 3
	<i>Dr</i>		ttgtttttgttgcgttcacagTGCTTACCTGGAGCAGAGCAGAGCT	/Exon 4
	<i>Cag</i>	Exon 1	AGGTCTAAAAACCCCTGGATACAAAGgtaaaggattacagctacc-ttatgt	
	<i>Dr</i>	/Intron 1	GCCTATATCGTCACATTGACACAAAGgtaggacacagctaataattatgt	
	<i>Cag</i>		tgaactattgtcttttcgttcagGCAACTCTAACCCAAACCTGCAACAA	Intron 1
	<i>Dr</i>		ttaatgattgtctttgcgttttcagGCAACCCTGGCTCATCCACAATCA	/Exon 2
	<i>Cag</i>	Exon 2	ATCCTTGTGTTGCTCTGGCCATTGgtgagactttaaatcatgttaactt	
	<i>Dr</i>	/Intron 2	ATCCTTGTGTTGCTCTGGCCATCCgtgagtctttaaaccatgtttgtc	
	<i>Cag</i>		tcaaacatctgtcgattccagGCTCTGAATCAGTATCTCTGGTCAA	Intron 2
	<i>Dr</i>		tcaaacattctgttcatgtt-cagGCTCTGAGTCAGCATCTCTGGTCAA	/Exon 3
<i>Cag</i>	<i>Cag</i>	Exon 3	GCCCTGAGCTGGTCAACAAAGGCCAAgtaagtccatgagc-ttcgtcttca	
	<i>Dr</i>	/Intron 3	GTCCAGAGCTGGCCAACAAAGGCCAAgtaagtccatcatcattcatca	
	<i>Cag</i>		tgattatcttgggttgcgttcagCGCTTACTTTGAGCAGAGCAGAGCC	Intron 3
	<i>Dr</i>		tctgcgtattgtctttgtatgcgttcagTGCTTACCTGGAGGAGAGCAGAGCC	/Exon 4

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1 **Table S2.** Comparison of exon/intron boundary sequences between *Draf4a* and *Draf4b*

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Gene	NO. of exon/intron boundary	Sequence	NO. of intron/exon boundary
<i>afp4a</i>	Exon 1/Intron 1	AGGTCTAACAAATCTCTGGACGCAAGgttaagattacagcta-tgtttaaacc	
<i>afp4b</i>		GCCTATATCGTCACATTGACACAAAGgttaaggacacagctaataattatgtg	
<i>afp4a</i>		gaaatgattgtttgtgtttcagGCAACTCTTGCTCAACCCGCAATCA	Intron 1/Exon 2
<i>afp4b</i>		ttaatgattgtttgtgtttcagGCAACCCTGGCTCATCCCACAATCA	
<i>afp4a</i>	Exon 2/Intron 2	GTCATTGTTGTTGCTCTGCCATCGgtgagtcttaaaccacatggc	
<i>afp4b</i>		ATCCTTGTTGTTGCTCTGCCATCCgtgagtcttaaaccatgtttgtc	
<i>afp4a</i>		atcaaacatttctgttcatgttcagGCTCTGAGTCAGCATCTGGTCAA	Intron 2/Exon 3
<i>afp4b</i>		atcaaacatttctgttcatgttcagGCTCTGAGTCAGCATCTGGTCAA	
<i>afp4a</i>	Exon 3/Intron 3	early stop codon GTGCTGAGCTGCCAACAAAGGCCAAGtaagtccatcatctcaactttgaa	
<i>afp4b</i>		GTCCAGAGCTGCCAACAAAGGCCAAGtaagtccatcatcattcatcatca	
<i>afp4a</i>		sb-MO ttgttttgttgcacagTGCTTACCTGGAGCAGAGCAGAGCT	Intron 3/Exon 4
<i>afp4b</i>		tctgcgtattgtttgtatgcagTGCTTACCTGGAGGAGAGCAGAGCC	

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