

Figure S1. Cancer cell-intrinsic immunostimulatory effect of JPI-547. (A) The top 20 enriched GOBP gene sets in Capan-1 cells after treatment with JPI-547 compared to olaparib, ranked by normalized enrichment score from GSEA. (B) Immunoblot analysis of the cGAS-STING pathway in Capan-1 cells following treatment with 2.5 uM of olaparib or JPI-547 for 120 h. (C) Immunofluorescence analysis of cGAS (red) and p-TBK1 (Ser172) (green) in Capan-1 cells after treatment with 2.5 uM of olaparib or JPI-547 for 72 h. (D) The top 20 enriched GOBP gene sets in HPAF-II cells following JPI-547 treatment compared to olaparib treatment, ranked by normalized enrichment score from GSEA.

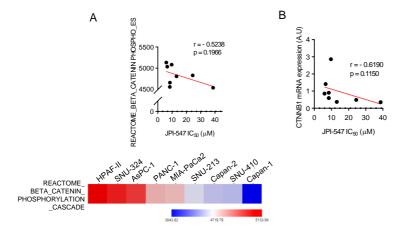


Figure S2. Transcriptomic analysis of the β -catenin pathway and β -catenin mRNA expression did not exhibit a significant correlation with JPI-547 sensitivity in PDAC cell lines. (A) β -catenin pathway dependency scores were calculated using single-sample GSEA based on transcriptomic data from the CCLE database (DepMap Public 22Q2). Correlation analysis was performed using nonparametric Spearman correlation (two-tailed). (B) Correlation analysis using normalized β -catenin mRNA expression levels extracted from the CCLE database was conducted using nonparametric Spearman correlation (two-tailed).

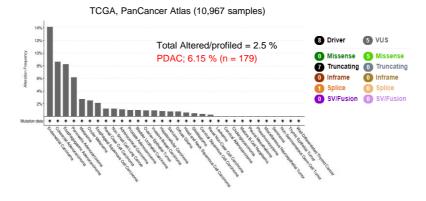


Figure S3. The frequencies of RNF43 alterations across solid tumors. Bar graph was plotted in cBioPortal using TCGA, PanCancer Atlas dataset.

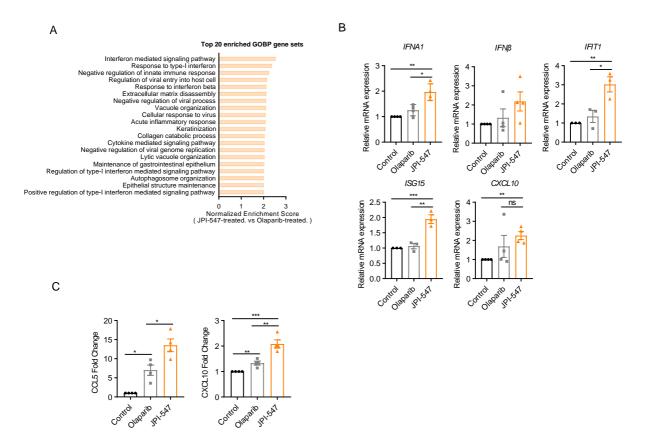


Figure S4. JPI-547 induces proinflammatory factors in HPAF-II. (A) The top 20 enriched Gene Ontology Biological Process (GOBP) gene sets in HPAF-II cells following JPI-547 treatment compared to olaparib, ranked by normalized enrichment score from GSEA. (B) qRT-PCR analysis of IFN-I and interferon-stimulated genes after 72 h treatment with 1 μ M olaparib or JPI-547. Data represent mean \pm SEM (n \geq 3); adjusted p-values by one-way ANOVA with Bonferroni's multiple comparisons test, ns, not significant, * p < 0.05, *** p < 0.005, *** p < 0.001. (C) ELISA quantification of secreted CCL5 and CXCL10 after 72 h treatment with 1 μ M olaparib or JPI-547. Data represent mean \pm SEM (n = 4); adjusted p-values by one-way ANOVA with Bonferroni's multiple comparisons test, * p < 0.005, *** p < 0.005, *** p < 0.005.

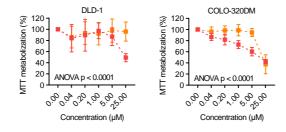


Figure S5. Wnt-addicted colorectal cancer cell lines exhibit increased sensitivity to JPI-547 compared to olaparib. Dose–response curves illustrating the cytotoxic effects of JPI-547 and olaparib in DLD-1 and COLO-320DM cells.Data represent mean \pm SEM (n = 3); p-values by two-way ANOVA.